







GUIDE TO THE 2016 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE RESIDENTIAL













Guide to the 2016 California Green Building Standards Code (Residential)

ISBN: 978-1-60983-663-4

Project Manager: Richard Weinert
Publications Manager: Mary Lou Luif
Editor: Mary Lou Luif
Typesetting/Interior Design: Sue Brockman
Cover Art Design: Lisa Triska

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and

Department of Housing and Community Development Division of Codes and Standards 2020 West El Camino Avenue, Suite 250 Sacramento, CA 95833 International Code Council 500 New Jersey Avenue, NW, 6th Floor Washington, DC 20001

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First Printing: August 2016

PRINTED IN THE U.S.A.

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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

(This list is provided for user convenience. Terms defined or explained further in CALGreen and in this guide are not included in this list.)

AB Assembly Bill (legislation) followed by a number; approved bills

often followed by a Chapter (Ch.) number and year of statutes (Stat.)

ACCA Air Conditioning Contractors of America

ACM Alternative Calculation Method as used by the California Energy

Commission

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ARB/CARB California Air Resources Board

ASME American Society of Mechanical Engineers

ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and

Air-Conditioning Engineers

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

BSC-CG-CBSC California Building Standards Commission, CALGreen

California Climate Zones Shown on California Energy Commission Climate Zone Map

CALGreen California Green Building Standards Code

Cal/EPA California Environmental Protection Agency

CalRecycle California Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery

(formerly California Integrated Waste Management Board and

Department of Conservation)

CBC California Building Code (CCR, Title 24, Part 2)

CCR California Code of Regulations (includes Title 24, the California

Building Standards Code)

C & D Construction and demolition as used for construction waste

CEC* California Energy Resources Conservation and Development

Commission (aka California Energy Commission);

*Also refers to California Energy Code (CCR, Title 24, Part 6)

CRC California Residential Code (CCR, Title 24, Part 2.5)

CWMP Construction Waste Management Plan

DWR Department of Water Resources

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS (continued)

(This list is provided for user convenience. Terms defined or explained further in CALGreen and in this guide are not included in this list.)

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

GPM/gpm Gallons per minute related to liquid flow

HCD California Department of Housing and Community Development

HERS Home Energy Rating System Program (administered by the Cali-

fornia Energy Commission)

HR or [HR] HCD "banner" designating provisions applicable for high-rise resi-

dential buildings.

HVAC Heating, ventilating and air conditioning

MWELO Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance, located in the *Cali-*

fornia Code of Regulations, Title 23, Division 2, Chapter 2.7.

NSF International (formerly National Sanitation Foundation)

PSI/psi Pounds per square inch as related to pressure

SB Senate Bill (legislation) followed by a number; approved bills often

followed by a Chapter (Ch.) number and year of statutes (Stat.)

SCAQMD South Coast Air Quality Management District

SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board

TITLE 17 Public Health regulations in the California Code of Regulations

(CCR)

TITLE 20 Public Utilities and Energy regulations in the *California Code of*

Regulations (CCR)

TITLE 23 The Department of Water Resources (DWR) regulations in the *Cali*-

fornia Code of Regulations (CCR), located in Division 2.

TITLE 24 California Building Standards Code, as included in the California

Code of Regulations (CCR)

VOC Volatile Organic Compounds as defined in the CALGreen Code,

Chapter 2

CONTACT AND PURCHASING INFORMATION

California Green Building Standards for Residential Buildings

California Department of Housing and Community Development

Division of Codes and Standards

State Housing Law Program

2020 W. El Camino Ave, Suite 250

Sacramento, CA 95833-1829

Telephone: (916) 445-9471 Fax: (916) 263-5348 Website: www.hcd.ca.gov

Questions: See "Comment/Feedback" on Website. Use "Submit a Comment" form.

California Residential Energy Efficiency Standards

California Energy Efficiency Hotline

Telephone: (916) 654-5106; 1-800-772-3300 (toll free in CA)

E-mail: title24@energy.state.ca.us

California Green Building Standards for Nonresidential Buildings

California Building Standards Commission

2525 Natomas Park Drive, Suite 130

Sacramento, CA 95833

Telephone: (916) 263-0916
Fax: (916) 263-0959
Website: www.bsc.ca.gov
cbsc@dgs.ca.gov

Purchasing Information for "A Guide to the California Green Building Standards Code – Residential" and the 2016 CALGreen Code (loose-leaf or eCode)

International Code Council

3060 Saturn Street, Suite100

Brea, CA 92821

Telephone: 1-888-ICC-SAFE (422-7233)

Fax: 1-866-891-1695 Website: www.iccsafe.org

Preface

he Division of Codes and Standards in the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) is pleased to provide the following document, *Guide to the 2016 California Green Building Standards Code – Residential*. This guide includes selected text from the 2016 CALGreen Code, known as CALGreen, which was developed from review and adoption of "carryover" 2013 CALGreen provisions, as well as new provisions and modifications based on feedback and input from numerous stakeholders. The 2016 CALGreen Guide also includes changes to the 2013 CALGreen Code from the 2013 Intervening Code Adoption Cycle, and two emergency rulemakings related to indoor and outdoor water conservation. The 2016 CALGreen Code becomes effective on January 1, 2017.

This guide is one of several handbooks developed by HCD to supplement our core publication, *A Guide to California Housing Construction Codes*. The CALGreen Guide provides commentary, background, questions and answers and some helpful tools for the code user to better understand the mandatory and voluntary measures developed by HCD for residential structures. It is intended to provide additional guidance and further enhance user awareness and understanding. Increased awareness of state laws, regulations, and building standards will improve compliance and reduce housing construction costs and delays.

The Department of Housing and Community Development encourages homeowners, design and industry professionals, and building department personnel involved in the construction, maintenance, and use of residential buildings to read this guide as a complement to the mandatory measures and enhanced voluntary tiers in the 2016 CALGreen Code. Further, users of the *Guide to the California Green Building Standards Code – Residential* should always utilize the most current version of CALGreen, including amendments from the Intervening Code Adoption Cycle, and check for any local amendments applicable to structures in that jurisdiction.

Note: Readers new to California laws, regulations, building standards development or HCD's role may find it beneficial to read *A Guide to California Housing Construction Codes*, available at http://www.hcd.ca.gov/.

Acknowledgements:

HCD appreciates and acknowledges the time, effort and technical expertise so many participants provided during the initial development and subsequent versions of CALGreen. Participants were comprised of other state agencies, model code organizations, building officials, the construction industry, the environmental community and green building industry.

HCD expresses special thanks to the California Building Industry Association, which provided additional assistance, time and resources to facilitate timely completion of the first edition in June 2010.

Introduction to CALGreen

CALGreen is California's first green building code and a first-in-the-nation state-mandated green building code. It is formally known as the *California Green Building Standards Code*, Title 24, Part 11, of the *California Code of Regulations*.

This guide will provide helpful tools and information about CALGreen mandatory measures, voluntary tiers, and other regulations, laws and construction codes related to green building standards, which are applicable to residential construction in California. It is recommended that the reader be familiar with California building standards development, adoption and implementation processes as discussed in HCD's *Guide to California Housing Construction Codes*, which provides general information on California Building Codes. It is also recommended that the reader have the current edition of CALGreen for reference while reading this guide.

It is important that code users reference the appropriate version of CALGreen, including any errata or supplements from emergency or intervening code adoption cycles. Additionally, code users should be aware of lawfully enacted local amendments such as ordinances or resolutions requiring additional and/or more restrictive green building standards.

The complete CALGreen Code, including supplement and errata, if available, may be viewed on HCD's website at www.hcd.ca.gov or on the California Building Standards Commission's website at www.bsc.ca.gov. It is also available for purchase from the International Code Council (www.iccsafe.org).

Background

Development of California green building standards was originally approached from a legislative or statutory approach. Several bills (AB 35, AB 888, and AB 1058) were introduced during the 2007-2008 legislative session to require green building standards for state-owned or leased buildings, commercial buildings, and residential buildings, respectively. Although the broad intent for implementing green building measures was supported by the Governor's office, after much consideration, these

bills were ultimately vetoed. The Governor's veto message stated:

- Building standards should not be statutory. The California Building Standards Commission (BSC) was created to ensure an open public adoption process allowing experts to develop building standards, including periodic updates to the building codes.
- Allowing private entities to dictate California's building standards usurps the state's authority to develop and adopt those standards and could compromise the health and safety of Californians.
- State agencies were encouraged to review all nationally recognized programs and glean from those programs, standards that promote greener construction, energy and water conservation, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- The need to expedite the greening of California's building standards was emphasized and BSC was directed to work with specified state agencies on the adoption of green building standards for residential, commercial, and public building construction for the 2010 code adoption process.

Development of CALGreen began in 2007 when the BSC Commissioners directed its staff to develop green building standards for new construction of buildings within its authority and to submit those regulations for adoption during the 2007 Annual Code Adoption Cycle. Commissioners also requested and encouraged the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD), the Division of the State Architect (DSA), and the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) to develop green building standards for new buildings under their areas of authority. Through the rulemaking process, HCD collaborated with BSC, stakeholder groups, other state agencies, considered public input, and reviewed existing green building standards, best practices, guidelines and other published references. This initial effort was successful and resulted in BSC's adoption of the 2008 *California Green Building Standards Code*.

Introduction of the 2008 California Green Building Standards Code was supplemented by clarifying information that local enforcing agencies have the option to adopt local amendments or even adopt the 2008 California Green Building Standards Code prior to its effective date (see BSC Building Standards Bulletin 08-02). It was acknowledged that the initial 2008 California Green Building Standards Code would provide a framework and first step toward establishing mandatory green building standards for residential structures and would be enhanced and/or expanded in the future. This vision came to fruition during the Triennial Code Adoption Cycle for the 2010 California Building Standards Codes.

As new materials, technology, and designs are developed and become available, and as needs become apparent, CALGreen will continue to proactively move California forward to a more sustainable and environmentally responsible future.

2013 California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen)

The 2010 CALGreen Code was evaluated for updates during the 2012 Triennial Code Adoption Cycle. HCD evaluated stakeholder input, changes in technology, implementation of sustainable building goals in California, and changes in statutory requirements. As such, the scope of CALGreen was increased to include both low-rise and high-residential structures, additions and alterations.

The 2012 Triennial Code Adoption Cycle also involved the California Energy Commission as an active participant and proposing agency in development of green building standards. The BSC adopted and approved HCD's proposed changes and existing 2010 amendments (as brought forward from the 2010 CALGreen) during its regular business meeting on December 11, 2012.

During the 2012 Triennial Code Adoption Cycle, HCD also placed "pointers" in various parts of Title 24 to direct code users to CALGreen. This was done for several reasons:

- 1) To familiarize code users with the requirements of CALGreen;
- 2) To refer code users to relevant provisions contained in CALGreen;
- 3) To locate appropriate sections in other parts of Title 24 for consistency.

2013 CALGreen Emergency Regulations

Governor Brown's Executive Order B-29-15 (April 1, 2015) provided a summary of the ongoing drought conditions in California starting with declarations for a State of Emergency (January 17, 2014) and Continued State of Emergency (April 25, 2014); evidence of a record low snowpack, decreased water levels in reservoirs, reduced river flows, and declining supplies in underground water basins. In addition, the Governor acknowledged that a distinct possibility existed for drought conditions to continue. Further, the Executive Order found that conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property continue to exist due to water shortage and drought conditions with which local authority is unable to cope. To address these concerns, the Executive Order specified that strict compliance with identified statutes and regulations would prevent, hinder, delay, or mitigate the effects of the drought. In view of the urgency to conserve California's water resources, as deemed essential by the Governor's Executive Order and prior proclamations, HCD proposed the adoption of these building standards through an emergency adoption process.

The 2015 emergency regulatory action made critically needed changes to the 2013 CALGreen, Sections 4.303, 4.304, and A4.304, as related to reduction of indoor and outdoor residential potable water use.

2016 CALGreen Code (effective January 1, 2017)

The 2013 CALGreen Code was evaluated for updates during the 2015 Triennial Code Adoption Cycle. HCD took into consideration the existing mandatory and voluntary measures, stakeholder input, changes in technology, implementation of sustainable goals in California, changes in statutory requirements, and the emergency standards, adopted by the California Building Standards Commission as part of the 2013 CALGreen. As such, the scope of CALGreen remained the same, and only a few significant regulatory changes were adopted.

The CALGreen Code is not an isolated code and must be used in conjunction with other parts of Title 24 to achieve code compliance and ensure minimum standards for public health and safety. Awareness of energy and performance standards in Part 6, the *California Energy Code*, is also essential. Additionally, changes resulting from recent legislation, federal or state agency regulations, local building code amendments or court rulings must also be recognized and implemented. For these reasons, it is important that the current versions of the building standards code and any local amendments be used. The code user should also be aware of the other changes mentioned above that may impact a construction project.

See A Guide to California Housing Construction Codes for further details on California statutes and regulations.

The balance of this guide will provide discussions regarding administration of the code, definitions, provisions contained in CALGreen and information regarding referenced organizations and standards. This guide will also provide a detailed discussion of mandatory and voluntary measures for residential structures, installer and special inspector qualifications, and access to associated forms and worksheets.

Note: CALGreen also addresses green building standards for nonresidential structures. Those provisions are outside the scope of HCD's authority and application and are not discussed in this guide. The *Guide to the 2016 California Green Building Standards Code – Nonresidential* is scheduled to be available January 1, 2017.